## **INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL**

## DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

# DEVELOPING A CICD PIPELINE USING JENKINS

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## **DEVELOPING A CICD PIPELINE USING JENKINS**

**Jenkins** is a tool that is used for automation, and it is an open-source server that allows all the developers to build, test and deploy software. It works or runs on java as it is written in java. By using Jenkins we can make a continuous integration of projects(jobs) or end-to-endpoint automation.

## What is Jenkins CI/CD Pipeline?

Jenkins CI/CD stands for Continuous Integration / Continuous Deployment first let us try to understand what is a pipeline. In computing, a pipeline is a set of stages or processes linked together to form a processing system. Each stage in the pipeline takes an input, processes it in accordance with a set of rules, and then sends the outputs to the stage that follows. Frequently, the pipeline's overall output is its final step's output. like the procedures outlined below

- 1. Test code
- 2. Build Application
- 3. Push Repository
- 4. Deploy to Server

All the steps mentioned above will perform in sequence one after the other if any step/stage get failed it will not move forward to another step/stage until the previous step got a success tested, and merged into a shared repository.

## **Benefits of Continuous Integration (CI)**

- We can maintain the reports of the projects
- Deployments can be made within the given time
- Bugs can be found quickly.

## What is Jenkins Continuous Deployment/Delivery (CD)?

#### **Continuous Deployment**

Continuous Deployment means automating the further stages of the pipeline automatically or manually deploying the application/code to different environments like Dev, Test, and Production. Automating the build is the main component of Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment.

## **Continuous Delivery**

Each and every build that passed all automated tests and was able to be fully automated and delivered into production only required one click of human intervention is called Continuous Delivery.

#### Jenkins Installation in Ubuntu

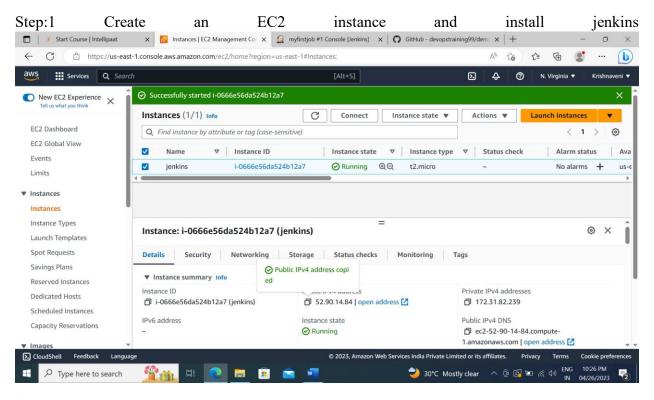
- 1. sudo apt update -y
- 2. sudo apt install openjdk-11-jre -y
- 3. curl -fsSL https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian/jenkins.io.key | sudo tee /usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc > /dev/null

- 4. echo deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc] https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian binary/ | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list > /dev/null
- 5. sudo apt update -y
- 6. sudo apt install jenkins -y
- 7. sudo systemctl start jenkins
- 8. sudo systemctl enable jenkins
- 9. sudo systemctl status jenkins

## To access jenkins ui

## http://server\_ip:8080

sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword



Step 2: Login into your Jenkins account as shown below.

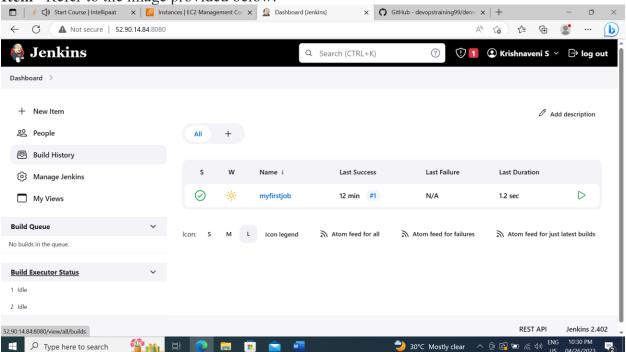
**Step 3.** Once logged in, the user will be redirected to the Jenkins console, here's the reference for the same.

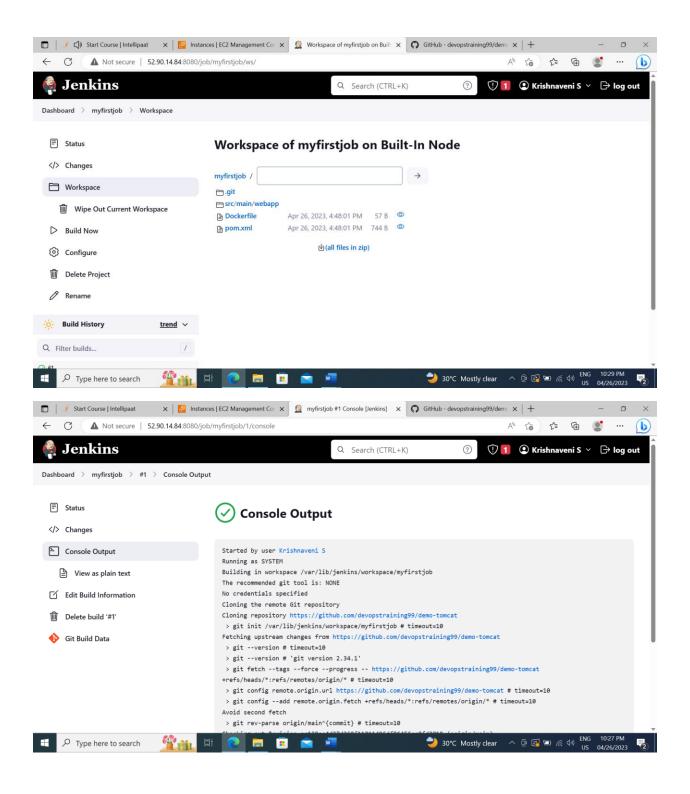


## Welcome to Jenkins!

Username
Password
Sign in
Keep me signed in

**Step 4**. To create a new project select the option available in the Dashboard which is "New Item" Refer to the image provided below:





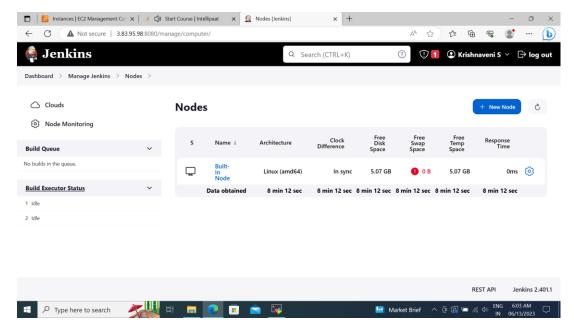
## Jenkin Task1-

Tasks To Be Performed:

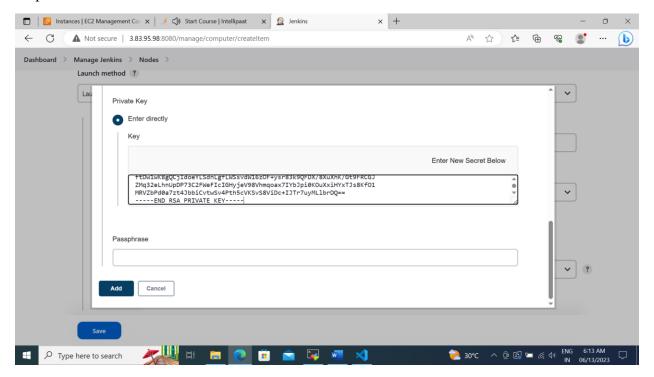
1. Trigger a pipeline using Git when push on develop branch

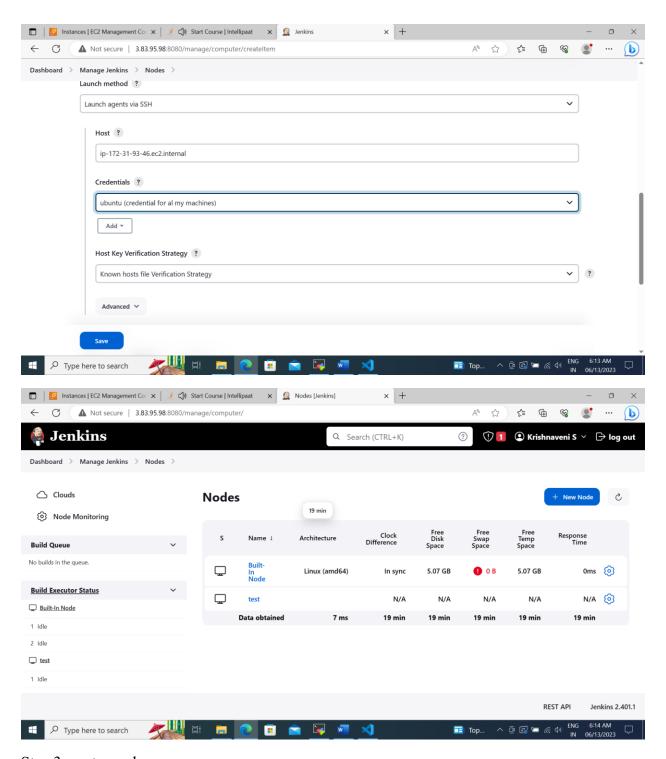
## 2. Pipeline should pull Git content to a folder

## Step 1:Create a new node with the name test

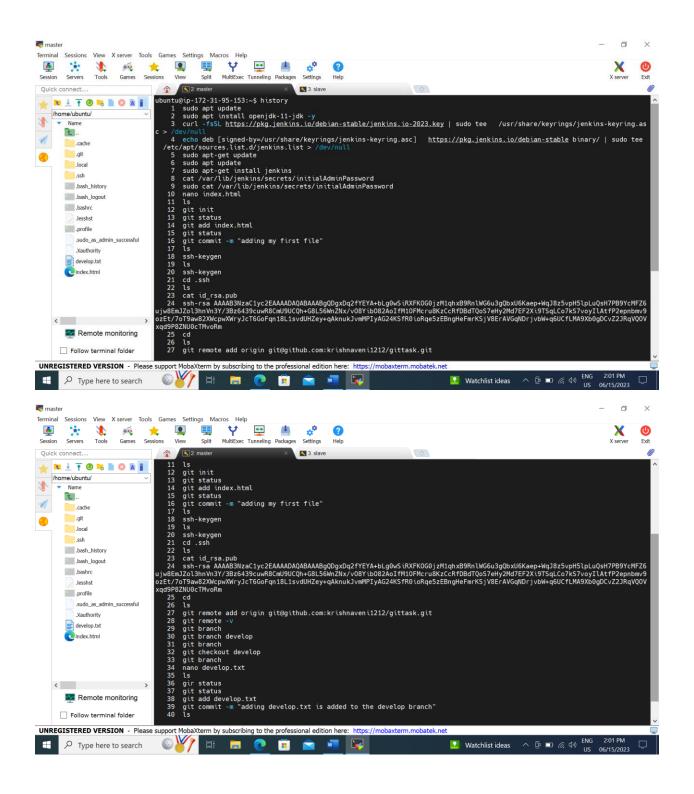


Step 2: created a test node

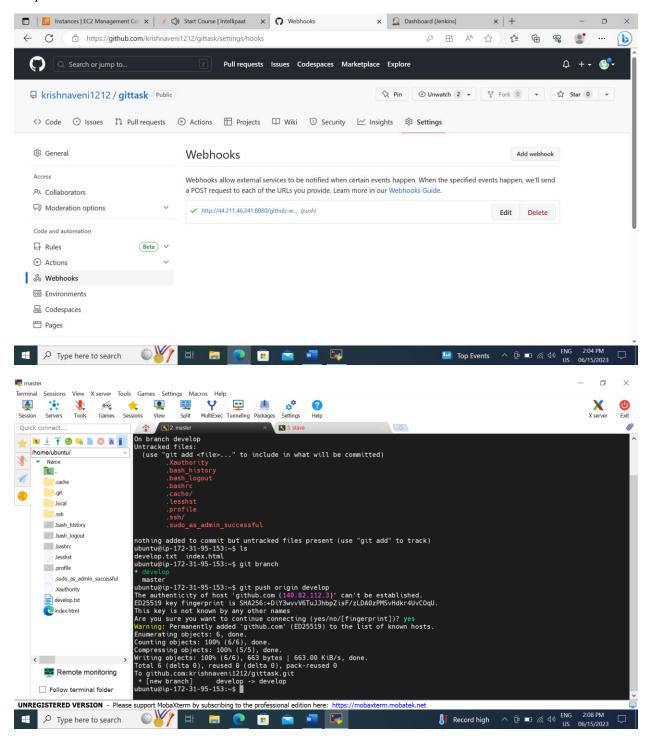


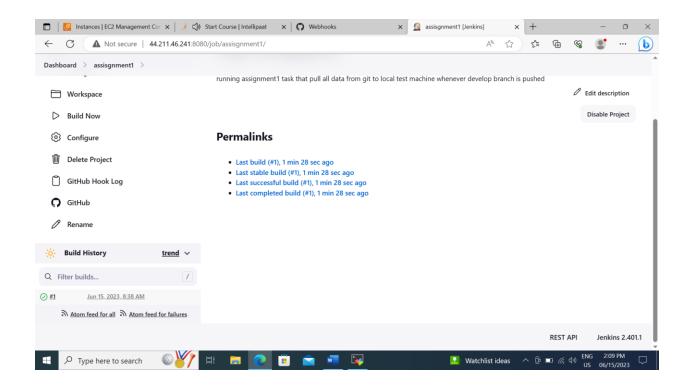


Step 3:master node:

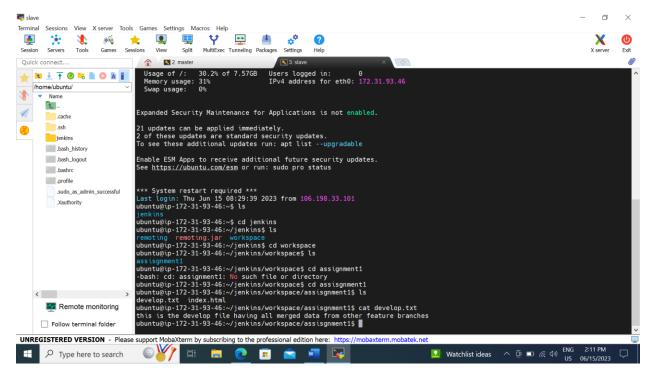


## Step4: created webhook





Step 5: files are pushed by slave node from github

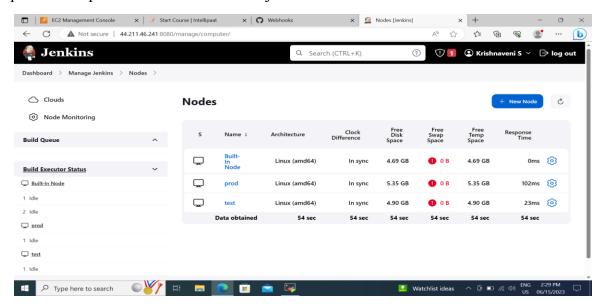


#### Jenkin Task2-

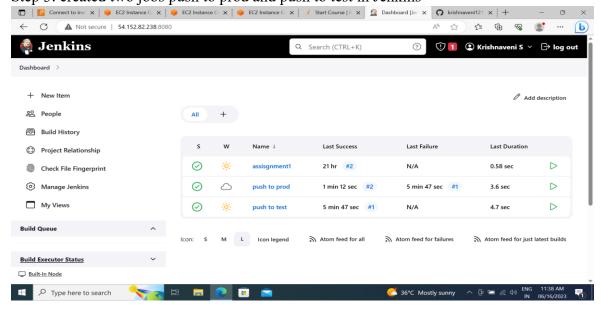
#### Tasks To Be Performed:

- 1. Add 2 nodes to Jenkins master
- 2. Create 2 jobs with the following jobs: a. Push to test b. Push to prod
- 3. Once a push is made to test branch, copy Git files to test server
- 4. Once a push is made to master branch, Copy gitfiles to prod server
- Step 1:Create a three ec2 instances namely master, test and prod.

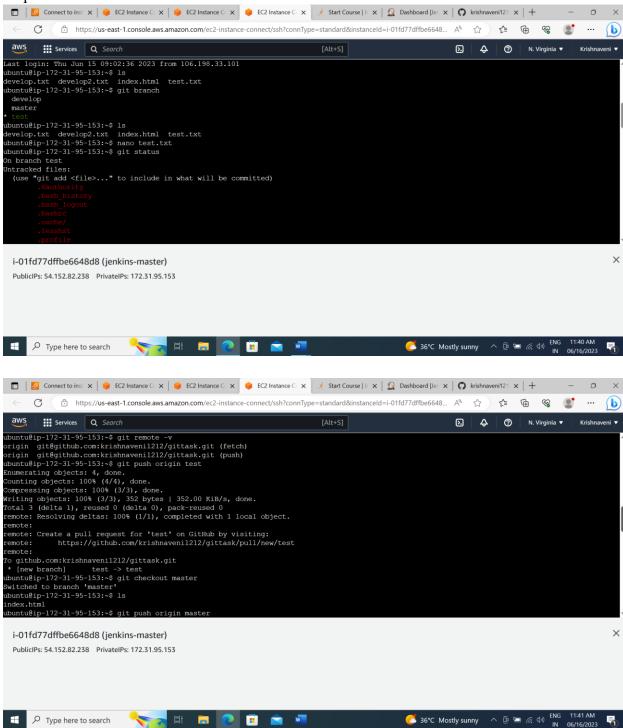
Step 2: created prod node and test node in jenkins



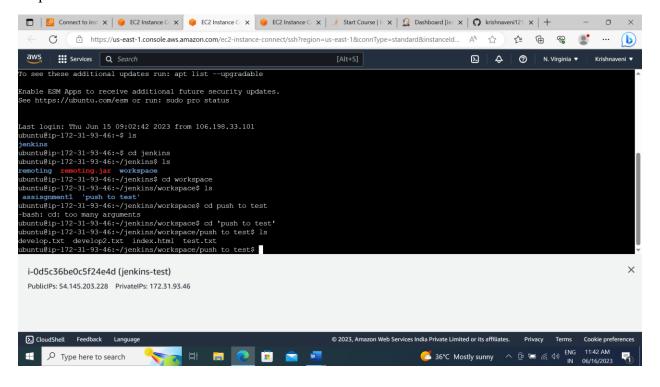
Step 3: created two jobs push to prod and push to test in Jenkins



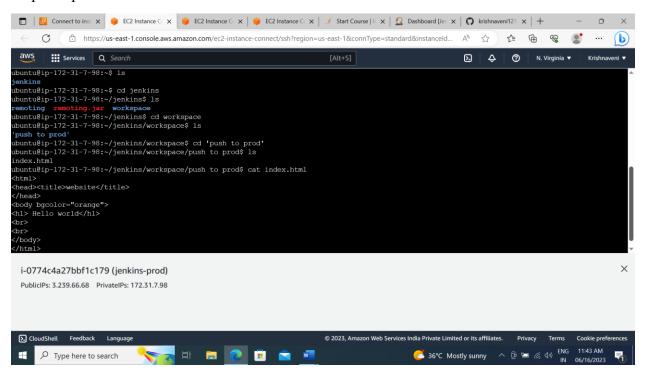
## Step4: commands at master node



#### Step 5:At test server



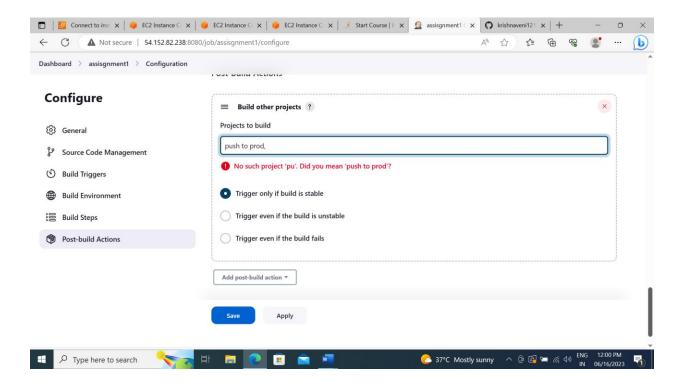
#### Step 6:at prod server



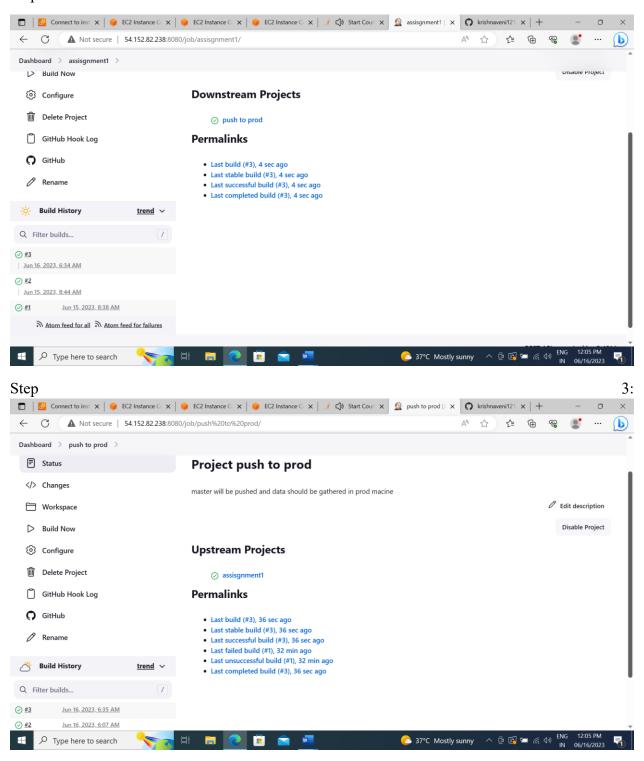
## Jenkin Task3-

- 1. Create a pipeline in Jenkins
- 2. Once push is made to "develop" a branch in Git, trigger job "test". This will copy Git files to test node
  - 3. If test job is successful, then prod job should be triggered
  - 4. Prod jobs should copy files to prod node

Step 1:configured in Task1 job



## Step 2:



Step 4: Installed build pipeline plugin and created a view

